

Universal Care Guidelines

Medication Dosing Guideline

Medical Consultation

Medication Information Appendix

Medical Emergencies

- Abdominal Pain
- Abuse and Maltreatment
- Acetylcholinesterase Inhibitors-Nerve Agent Exposure
- Agitated or Violent Patient
- Alcohol Withdrawal CIWA-Ar Scale
- Altered Mental Status
- Anaphylaxis And Allergic Reaction Guideline
- Back Pain
- Beta Blocker Poisoning or Overdose
- Brief Resolved Unexplained Event
- Calcium Channel Blocker Poisoning or Overdose
- Carbon Monoxide or Smoke Inhalation
- Cyanide Exposure
- End Of Life Care-Palliative Care
- Functional Needs
- Hyperglycemia
- Hyperkalemia
- Hypoglycemia
- Malignant Hyperthermia
- Nausea Vomiting
- Opioid Poisoning Or Overdose
- Pain Management and Sedation Guideline
- Poisoning Or Overdose Universal Care
- Reversal of Anticoagulants (4F-PCC (KCentra))
- Seizures
- Shock
- Sickle Cell Pain Crisis
- Stimulant Poisoning Or Overdose
- Stroke-TIA
- Syncope-Presyncope

Cardiovascular/ACLS Guidelines

- Acute Coronary Syndrome-Stemi-Nstemi
- Aortic Aneurysm-Acute Aortic Dissection
- Bradycardia-Adult
- Bradycardia-Pediatric
- Cardiac Arrest-Adult
- Cardiac Arrest-Pediatric
- Determination Of Death-Withholding Resuscitative Efforts
- Do Not Resuscitate Status-Advance Directives-Poa
- Double Sequential Defibrillation
- Implantable Ventricular Assist Devices
- Neonatal Resuscitation
- Post Arrest - ROSC - Adult
- Resuscitation In Traumatic Cardiac Arrest
- Tachycardia-Adult
- Tachycardia-Pediatric
- Termination Of Resuscitative Efforts

#### Obstetrical and Neonatal

- Childbirth
- Eclampsia\_Pre-Eclampsia
- Emergency Delivery During Maternal Transport Procedure
- Neonatal Resuscitation
- OB High Risk Patients-Premature Labor
- OB Postpartum Hemorrhage Protocol
- Obstetrical And Gynecological Conditions

#### Procedures/Skills

- High Flow Nasal Cannula
- Blood Glucose Monitoring
- Blood Products Administration
- Cancellation of 911 EMS -Emergency Medical Services- Response
- Central Venous Access Device
- Cricothyroidotomy Procedures
- Death During Transport Procedure
- Double Sequential Defibrillation
- Igel Procedure
- Implantable Ventricular Assist Devices
- Intra Aortic Balloon Pump Procedure

- Intubation Procedure
- Nasogastric-Orogastric Tube Insertion
- Needle Thoracostomy
- Patient Physical Restraint Guidelines
- Patient Refusals
- Percutaneous Ventricular Assist Device (PVAD) - Impella Procedure
- Pericardiocentesis
- Prone Patient Transport Protocol
- Tracheostomy Management
- Vascular Access -Intravenous- Intraosseous- External Jugular
- Bariatric Patients
- Intranasal Administration

#### Respiratory/Airway Management

- Airway Management
- Airway Respiratory Irritants
- Bronchospasm
- Foreign Body Airway Obstruction
- Intubation Procedure
- Mechanical Ventilation Interfacility-Adult
- Mechanical Ventilation Interfacility-Pediatric
- Mechanical Ventilation-911
- Pediatric Respiratory Distress-Bronchiolitis
- Pediatric Respiratory Distress-Croup
- Pulmonary Edema
- Rapid Sequence Airway Management-RSI

#### Trauma/Environmental Emergencies

- General Trauma Management Guideline
- Acetylcholinesterase Inhibitors-Nerve Agent Exposure
- Bites and Envenomation
- Burns
- Blast Injuries
- Conducted Electrical Weapon Injury
- Crush Injury
- Dive (SCUBA) Injury\_Accidents
- Drowning
- Electrical Injuries

- Extremity Trauma And External Hemorrhage Management
- Facial And Dental Trauma
- Head Injury
- High Threat Considerations-Active Shooter
- Hyperthermia And Heat Exposure
- Hypothermia And Cold Exposure
- Lightning Or Lightning Strike Injury
- MCI Medical Protocol-MedEvac
- Pain Management and Sedation Guideline
- Radiation Exposure
- Resuscitation In Traumatic Cardiac Arrest
- Riot Control Agent Exposure
- Spinal Care
- Topical Chemical Burn